

Telepathy Patents



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US2011127346 -- Co-creative Learning and Research Method and Apparatus

RU2157659 -- METHOD FOR INVESTIGATING TELEPATHY COMMUNICATION

RU2127546 -- METHOD OF EXTRASENSORY PHENOMENON EXAMINATION AND DEVICE FOR ITS EMBODIMENT

HU9901402 -- TELEPATHY TABLE GAME

GB222163 -- Improvements in or relating to apparatus for the development of concentration and telepathy

FR2661295 -- Transmitter/receiver of gravitational waves

<u>JP2014155432</u> -- SUPERNATURAL POWER

CN101513296 -- Natural telepathy crystal earbob

US2011127346 Co-creative Learning and Research Method and Apparatus

Inventor: VON BEZOLD ERNST

A method is claimed to provide experiential nonlocal real time interaction between or among a participant or participants, observer or observers, participant-observer or participant-observers, and phenomenon or phenomena by means of presentation of sensory information or semantic mapping, by direct observation or using sensory or semantic representation for example by imaging methods or technology including without limitation, image projection over a distance, e.g., by internet, television or telepathy, so arranged as to permit and facilitate rapid or real time 'simultaneous' or prescient attention to the phenomenon and interaction with it, so as to facilitate contemporaneous, or time-delay, or time-advance "feedback" active input to the phenomenon or the phenomenon presentation system, in some sense constituting thereby an entraining and entrained system being modulated by the attention and energetic or related state and interaction or resonance with the phenomenon, of the participant-observer(s), and furthermore their resonance or interaction, whether attentively or consciously intended or consciously or not, with one another and collectively.

[0001] A preferable embodiment of this method uses 1) a phenomenon which may vary on account of, without limitation, participant a) attention or b) intention or c) emotion focused by other means or d) thinking or e) a permutation or combination or permutations or combinations of the foregoing;

- [0000] 2) means, as hereinafter illustrated, to present the participant with status data about the phenomenon or phenomena including, as phenomena, status data about observer/participants; said status data being in a preferred embodiment as current as possible ('real time') status data, as well as past status data (history) or preview, forecast, projective, or hypothetical data.
- 3) means to assist the participant in interpreting or understanding a co-relationship between characteristics of the phenomenon and attributes, including the immediate process experience during phenomenon data generation, of the participant, including participant attentional behaviours, attitude mood and emotions, thinking, intention and bodily processes and status, especially the pattern of health.
- 4) means to provide the participant-observer as user with contextual information and variable, including without limitation user-directed or influenced, information about the state of the system as a whole, both in particular the phenomenon as such as well as user(s) status data, on a data-intensification and withdrawal training basis to develop and optimise the development of user capabilities for remote sensing and for "remote" imaginative perception, inspiration and intuiting, i.e., directly perceived understanding of remote phenomena in part or totality and their course and development without sense-perceptible or imaginatively correlated experience.
- 4) Means to provide groups of participant with weather and water quality feedback to enable them to change their participation at the time, in the past and moving forward, so as to modify the presented or selected phenomena collectively, for example water quality, especially to improve it, precipitation patterns, ocean current behaviour, and so forth; and to work similarly with other living and inorganic phenomena to improve and stabilise the biosphere, lithosphere, atmosphere, photosphere of interest, that environment of greatest interest being for the time being that of this planet which is our home; especially to enable conscious and intentional ameliorative direct attentive perception and interaction of large numbers of planetary residents in respect of stabilising and otherwise ameliorating climate change by intelligent collective selective conscious interaction with the root or the proximal causes of climate change.

BACKGROUND

[0002] Telepsychokinesis is a scientific fact. This is illustrated by, for example, the work of Marcel Vogel documented in the Proceedings of the Second International Psychotronics conference in Prague, Czechoslovakia, 1973 (a conference also contributed to by Hal Puthoff, William Tiller, and Shafica Karagulla among many others), and the classic early work of J. B. Rhine and others at Duke University and later members of the Parapsychological Association which is a part of the American Association for the Advancement of Science.

[0003] Snow crystals forming under locally physically similar conditions are widely held to be highly variable, and this because their formation, and likewise the associative structure of water as a fluid, depends on a weak, and therefore sensitive, bond between hydrogens associated with an oxygen atom, attraxted to nearby oxygens with surplus electric charge to share. This writer asked in a Materials Laboratory poster presentation to material scientists who included visiting researchers and international delegations from the US, Germany, Japan, Soviet Union, etc., at the Fourth International Fracture Conference, Waterloo Ontario Canada, 1977: "Can Loving Attention Affect Snow Crystal Growth?"

[0004] The cumulative weight of scientific evidence prior to that has demonstrated, for example with Copper II chloride crystal solutions doped with fluid extracts such as blood or plant juice and grown in for example Petri-dish sized quiet environments, that under controlled conditions, the crystal forms a homeomorphic image of the donor organism which can and has been used for medical diagnosis and in the case of plants, for quality control. See for example Sensitive Crystallization Processes A Demonstration of Formative Forces in the Blood, by Ehrenfried Pfeiffer; second edition, edited by Erica Sabarth and Henry N. Williams, MD. Anthroposophic Press, Spring Valley, N.Y., 1975. The purpose of this technology, as Pfeiffer further elucidated in a memoir, was primarily and strategically to enable the experimenter to develop and apply the perceptive power of thinking to intuit the relationship between the crystal formed and the individual or plant, etc., affecting it through admixture of a fluid sample, thus coming "through creative intuition" to recognise directly (compare dhyana in the yoga supras of Patanjali) the, as it were, 'noumen behind the phenomenon'; and only secondarily to apply the specific finding to deliver a diagnostic outcome.

[0005] A substantial body of work has demonstrated the sensitivity of water to environment, and notably, a human psychokinetic influence on water, both through plant growth experiments and through effects on the physical properties of water such as infrared absorption and light scattering. See for example the extracurricular work of Ed Brame, spectroscopist, in Wilmington Del. at E I Dupont de Nemours, highlighted in Krippner, S. and A. Villoldo: The Realms of Healing; Celestial Arts, Millbrae, Calif., 1976.

PRIOR ART

[0006] Besides the foregoing examples, mass experiments have demonstrated dream telepathy (Dream Telepathy. By M. Ullman and S. Krippner of Maimonides Medical Center Dream Laboratory, Brooklyn, N.Y.; 1973) and mass prescient psychokinetic influence at the Princeton University REG remote event detection project (Robert Jahn et. al.), notably prior to the mass trauma attendant on the attacks Sep. 11, 2001 on the World Trade Center, New York, and on the Pentagon, Washington, D.C.

[0007] The concept of influencing ice crystal formation by intention, prayer, human energy, has been presented and widely promoted, with copious plausible imaging, though methodologically stringent reproducibility remains a question as of this writing, by the Japanese hado researcher M. Emoto.

[0008] More reliably as of this writing, the work of William A. Tiller et al. and their series of substantial monographs on highly reproducible distant psychokinesis replicated using as mediating devices, oscillators previously programmed ('energised') by mediators, shows the potential malleability of physical systems in the face of human mental concentration and intent (www.tiller.org).

[0009] Recent work has continued to demonstrate results consistent with the foregoing. An intention experiment project was organised by Lynne McTaggart (author of The Intention Experiment; Free Press, New York, 2007) with a team of experimental scientists and hundreds of volunteers distant from the experimental sites. They demonstrated and studied experimentally, changes in properties of systems using water, plants. The experimenters used the internet to recruit and facilitate shared intention, and shared timing—synchrony—of participants seeking to influence the experimental systems at a distance, e.g., for water luminescence, for healing, etc. As of this writing, see http://www.theintentionexperiment.com/the_experiments.

[0010] The foregoing findings and reports represent a part of a larger paradigm shift now taking place in world science and culture, prefigured by the uncertainty principle of Heisenberg and the explicitly interactionist epistemologies of nineteenth and twentieth century dialecticians, some of whose revolutionary political application of such a powerful principle as interactivity significantly polarised and probably delayed its more widely spreading, deeper scientifically comprehensive application, e.g., to spiritual research and application in, e.g., human healing and environmental renewal, into the post-Communist period at the end of the twentieth century. In effect, the recent developments and inventions develop and address a previously undervalued potential which has been overhanging the market.

DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0011] A simple preferable embodiment of the invention starts out by making use of a reagent system, for example, similar to the many described above, initially to provide real-time feedback to the participant. In this example an automatic (therefore requiring no attention to operate the physical environment) self-cleaning snow crystal growing system is used to present a snow crystal growing site, or a sense-perceptible representation such as a visual, auditory, tactile, thermal, etc., image or images of a site, to a participant, by means such as a video display or television, amplified filtered sound, etc., for example by projection (e.g., onto a surface, such as a screen or the moon), on the internet, etc.

[0012] The participant is able to observe the particular phenomenon, i.e., here, the snow crystal as it develops. In a preferred embodiment the participant is asked to bring impartial appreciation to the process of observing, rather than unaffective neutrality or any further specific intention.

[0013] As a nonessential clarifying feedback facilitation method using a multiple control design adapted from Ullman and Krippner (1973, op. cit.), the participant may be presented for comparison, control crystals grown under comparable conditions, i.e., at the same time in more or less the same place, with or without a set-theoretically or other analytically based highlight of unique net difference, if any, between the crystal grown under an attentionally or intentionally highlighting condition and the controls.

[0014] As the participant's ability to provide formative facilitation to the crystal becomes more evident, the presentation may optionally be attenuated or intensified, preferably by user-directed modulation, to encourage imaginative perception of the growing crystal leading to clairvoyant perception of the forming crystal independent of the presentation. Without limitation, a coordinate remote viewing application is another potential interactive resonant or 'feedback' path. It will be evident from remote viewing literature of the twentieth century (e.g., Rudolf Steiner; Robert A. Monroe, David Moorehouse, Courtney Brown) that selecting the 'time' of viewing extends the potential of croos-time interaction or resonance research from an instrumental quantum level to the small-scale macroscopic system of the growing snow crystal.

[0015] The therapeutic feedback for patients and therapist and the artistic potential of snow crystal growing are among the motivating factors which in this example increase the participant's energetic concentration and compliance with plausible and reasonable protocol.

[0016] At this point, in respect of the participant's continued participation, large numbers of participants who may or may not have worked 'together', whether at the 'same' time or not, with snow crystals or some similarly sensitive system, may work together to love snow crystals as they fall onto land, lakes, rivers, etc. The literature on love and the healing response of plants to loved water, would motivate such work, and participant's direct perception would provide feedback, along with

local snow and water sampling trials, to contribute to a basis for judgement of effectiveness.

[0017] Similarly, sufficiently skilled participants, having developed love-based intuition and exact clairvoyance using this system, would be in a developing position en masse to guide local and planetary weather to greater harmony and stability.

RU2157659 METHOD FOR INVESTIGATING TELEPATHY COMMUNICATION

Inventor: BERESNEV V N / RJAZANOVA M P

SUBSTANCE: method involves determining and processing bioenergetic signals of percipient before and after mental suggestion of information sent by inductor person. Percipient beta- or gamma-radiation level is treated as the bioenergetic signal. The degree, to which this radiation type increases, is used for making conclusions concerning percipient response to telepathic action.

EFFECT: high accuracy of measurements.

METHOD RESEARCH

The invention relates to the engineering psychology and medicine and can be used during the sessions suggestive influence to determine the effectiveness of telepathic communication with the inductor percipient.

The most efficient in its use energobioterapevticheskih purposes, as well as in determining the ability of the inductor to provide geterosuggestivnoe impact on the percipient.

There is a method of research percipient telepathic communication with the inductor, providing for EEG before and after a session of telepathic communication with the subsequent interpretation of the electroencephalogram (AP Dubrov, Lee AG Modern problems of parapsychology. Moscow, Publishing House Foundation parapsychology them. LL Vasileva, 1998, p. 148-161).

At the same time the existence of telepathic communication with the inductor percipient judged by sync rhythms electroencephalogram (MN Livanov, V. Ananiev Elektroentsefaloskopiya. Med. ed., 1959).

However, as noted in these sources, the method is sensitive to numerous interference and crosstalk, complicates processing and interpretation of the data.

In addition, the subjective interpretation of the results of the EEG reduces their credibility.

It is also known research percipient telepathic communication with the inductor, providing for the exchange of energy-sources and characteristics of torsion fields, due to the spatial orientation of the spins of elementary charges (Stavitskiy VI from captivity energy performances. St. Petersburg, Publishing House of the "Politehnica", 1997, p. 32).

However, this method is extremely complex technical implementation and interpretation of the results, because the essence of the torsion field is beyond the scope of energy-makropredstavleniya exchange.

Immediate removal of the electrical signals from the percipient in the dynamics imposed on the surface of the body percipient between the two selected points of the electrodes connected to an electrical outlet equipped with a self-tuning filter (US 5,029,590, A 61 K 5/04, 1991), also has a low accuracy because of the wide variation of bioelectric signals and significant external and internal interference.

The closest to the claimed method is the study of telepathic communication percipient with the inductor, providing a continuous determination and subsequent treatment of bio-energy signals percipient, is removed from electrodes placed on the surface of the body, using a polytron in active and passive phases before and after mental suggestion information inductor percipient (RU 2098017, A 61 B 5/16, 5/04, 1997).

The degree of telepathic communication is judged by the following formula: where W - the level of perception of telepathic signal;

M1 and M0 - average values ??of output current, respectively, in a polytron active and passive phases of telepathic influence; & sigma; 1 and & sigma; 0 - standard deviations of the current in the active and passive phases.

The disadvantage of the prototype method is to use a non-standard and therefore not easily accessible means of measurement, which is the Polytron.

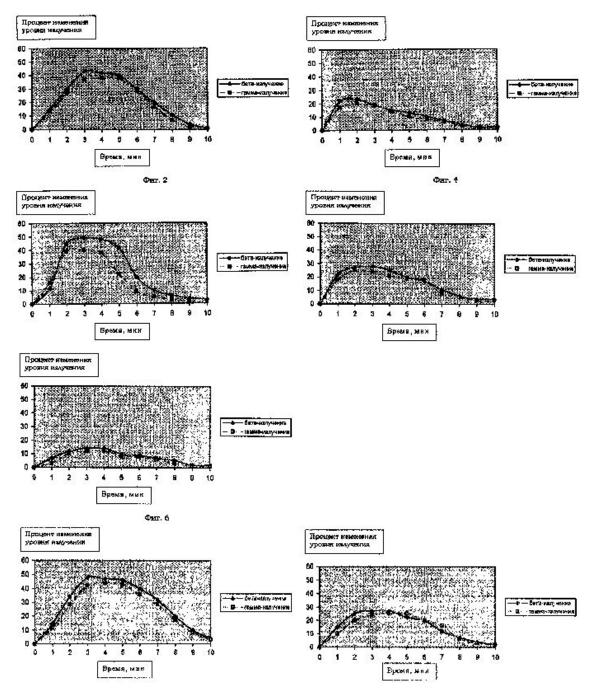
The technical problem of the process - to expand the arsenal of the means of implementation and improvement of standard measurements.

The solution of this problem lies in the fact that in the process of investigation of telepathic communication percipient with the inductor, the definition and the subsequent processing of bio-energy signals percipient before and after mental suggestion information inductor percipient as bioenergy signal determine the level of & beta; - and / or & gamma; radiation percipient, and the degree of increase in the level of radiation is judged on the reaction of the percipient on telepathic.

At higher levels of & beta; - and & gamma; radiation by 30% or more is judged on a strong degree of telepathic communication.

Thus, the proposed method is based on the first time specified by the author previously unknown phenomenon of increased levels of & beta; - and & gamma; percipient radiation in response to the telepathic.

FIG. 1-8 shows the variation of average values beta; - and gamma; percipients radiation - patients with various diseases - in response to mental suggestion information from the inductor (energobioterapevta) to the following examples 1-8 respectively.



Sessions telepathic communication were carried out in addition to symptomatic treatment in the Scientific and Medical Consultation Center (St. Petersburg).

As a reference method, a method of the prototype, which is defined, in particular, the ability of the inductor to provide a telepathic impact on the percipient.

Example 1.

Patient F., '42, entered with a diagnosis of psoriasis. OBJECTIVE: rashes ranging from small dots to child palm over the body, gastroduodenitis, biliary dyskinesia, pancreatitis. Spend 15 sessions of telepathic communication (TC) bioenergy with the percipient weekly by mental suggestion information from the installation to restore the functions of the digestive system. Each treatment was carried out for 1 hour, twice the rate of 4-5 m geterosuggestivnoy percipient connection with the inductor 50 minute intervals under the control of levels of & beta; - and & gamma; percipient radiation using a portable universal radiometer RUP-1 (& beta; -radiation) and dosimeter DRGZ-02 (& gamma;-radiation). Before mental suggestion background level of & beta; -radiation is & beta; 0 = 20 & plusmn; 1 min-1 & bull; cm-2, and & gamma; radiation - & gamma; 0 = 0.11 & plusmn; 0.02 mc / s. Within 2 minutes from the start of the session is an increase of the level of & beta; and & gamma; radiation percipient to & beta; max = 27 & plusmn; 3 min-1 & bull; cm-2 and & gamma; max = 0,145 & plusmn; 0.02 mc / s, which is based on the percentage increase in the radiation level from baseline at 37 and 32 %, respectively. After removing the effects of background values ??geterosuggestivnogo levels & beta; - and & gamma; radiation are reduced by 4 min (Fig. 1). After the sessions of telepathic effects rashes on the body for 2 years did not occur. According to the results of analyzes, gastro and pancreatitis are not found, the function of the biliary tract is restored.

Example 2.

Patient N., '32, entered with a diagnosis of duodenal ulcer, pancreatitis. Spend 10 sessions weekly telepathic communication, as in Example 1, with the duration of exposure geterosuggestivnogo for 5 minutes with the installation of ulcer healing and restore functions of the digestive system. It recorded a high degree of telepathic communication percipient with the inductor to increase the levels of & beta; - and & gamma; radiation from the background (& beta; 0 = 21 & plusmn; 1 min-1 & bull; cm 2; & gamma; 0 = 0.10 & plusmn; 0.02 mc / c) 43 and 38% respectively. Duration Transient (time to reach steady-state value level & beta; - and & gamma; radiation, measured from the beginning, and after removing the effects of geterosuggestivnogo) - 2,5 & divide; 3,5 min (Fig.

2). According to the results of clinical tests of duodenal ulcer healed, the pancreas is normal.

Example 3.

Patient J., 37 l., Was admitted with a diagnosis of dystonia, accompanied by headaches, seizures of facial muscles and limbs. Spend 10 sessions of telepathic communication 2 times per month, as in Example 1, with the duration of exposure geterosuggestivnogo for 4-5 minutes with the installation of ulcer healing and restore functions of the digestive system. It recorded a high degree of telepathic communication percipient with the inductor to increase the levels of & beta; - and & gamma; radiation from the background (& beta; 0 = 21 & plusmn; 2 min-1 & bull; cm 2; & gamma; 0 = 0.12 & plusmn; 0,02 mc / c) 49 and 40% respectively. Duration Transient - 2-3 min (Fig. 3). As a result, cramps face and extremities, and headaches, the patient stopped (the period of 3 years).

Example 4.

Patient L., 45 l., Was admitted with a diagnosis of chronic konkrementny holestsestit (cholelithiasis), biliary dyskinesia. Spend 20 sessions weekly telepathic communication, as in Example 1, with the duration of exposure geterosuggestivnogo for 4 minutes with the installation of functional recovery of the bile ducts and the dissolution of the stone. It recorded a weak degree of telepathic communication percipient with the inductor, since an increase in levels of & beta; - and & gamma; radiation from the background (& beta; 0 = 20 & plusmn; 1 min-1 & bull; cm 2; & gamma; 0 = 0.09 & plusmn; 0.01 md/s) at 23 and 20% respectively. The duration of the transients 1-4 min (Fig. 4). By results of US rock reduced in size, but not completely disappeared. In this example, the course of treatment was not effective enough that corresponds with the weak response of controlled fields & beta; - and & gamma; radiation patient.

Example 5.

Patient P., '42, entered with a diagnosis of chronic viral hepatitis B. Objective: based on the results observed ultrasound sealing and deformation of the walls of the gallbladder; liver - slices large- infiltrates within various circuits; blood levels of bilirubin - 35 mmol / l and transaminase - 4.6 mmol / l - higher than normal. Spend 12 sessions of telepathic communication 2 times a week, as in Example 1, with the duration of exposure geterosuggestivnogo 4-5 minutes to install to restore the function of the gallbladder and liver. The degree of telepathic communication percipient with the inductor is low, since increasing levels of & beta; - and & gamma; radiation from the background (& beta; 0 = 20 & plusmn; 1 min-1 & bull; cm 2; & gamma; 0 = 0.08 & plusmn; 0.01 mc / c) is 28 and 25% respectively. The duration of the transients (Fig. 5) is on the leading edge (from the start of exposure geterosuggestivnogo) - 1.5 min, at the trailing edge (after removal of exposure) - 4 min. After the designated communication procedures geterosuggestivnoy blood levels of bilirubin - 10.5 mmol / l transaminase - 0.2 mmol / l. According to the US state of the liver and gall bladder improved by reducing the number of infiltrates in the liver.

Example 6.

Patient P., '62, entered with a diagnosis of lymphocytic leukemia. The content of leucocytes in 1 liter of blood - 15.0 & bull; 109 lymphocytes - 78 & bull; 109.

Spend 7 telepathic communication sessions on a weekly basis, as in Example 1, with the duration of exposure geterosuggestivnogo 5 minutes to install on the functional recovery of hematopoiesis. Degree telepathy percipient the inductor is low, since increasing levels of & beta; -, and the radiation from the background is 12 and 10% respectively. The duration of the transients (Fig. 6) is on the leading edge 2 min, falling edge - 4 min. After the appointed procedures geterosuggestivnoy communication blood levels of white blood cells - 11,9 & bull; 109, lymphocytes - 64 & bull; 109. Thus, our treatment was ineffective, that corresponds with a slight deviation of & beta; - and & gamma; relative to the background radiation.

Example 7.

Patient S., '22, entered with a diagnosis of asthma, chronic bronchitis. OBJECTIVE: recurrent attacks of breathlessness and bronchospasm about 1 time per month, allergic to dust, debris, animal dander. The complaints of pain in the liver and pancreas. 15 sessions carried telepathy weekly as in Example 1, 2 times per month at geterosuggestivnogo exposure duration for 5 minutes with the installation of the restoration of the liver, pancreas, bronchus, lung. The degree of telepathic communication percipient with high inductor, since an increase in levels of & beta; - and & gamma; relative to the background radiation is 47 and 44%, respectively. The duration of the transients (Fig. 7) is on the leading edge 3 min, on the falling edge - 4 min. As a result, dyspnea and bronchospasm, and pain in the liver and pancreas stopped. During two years of follow up there was no recurrence.

Example 8.

Patient S., 25 l., Was admitted with a diagnosis of diabetes with blood sugar 23 mmol/L.

20 sessions carried telepathy weekly as in Example 1, weekly during the duration of exposure geterosuggestivnogo 5 min with setting at restoring pancreatic functions.

The degree of telepathic communication with the percipient inductor is low, since an increase in levels of & beta; - and & gamma; relative to the background radiation is 27 and 25%, respectively. The duration of the transients (Fig. 8) is on the leading edge 2 min, falling edge - 4 min. As a result, blood sugar dropped to 6.5 mmol / l. Comparative results of determining the presence of telepathic communication with the inductor percipient Examples 1-3, 7 and 8 of the proposed method is confirmed by studies using Polytron prototype method.

In Examples 4-6, characterized by low levels of change & beta; - and & gamma; radiation percipient, in a study on sustainable polytron telepathic connection is detected.

As can be seen from the above examples, the use of the method, instead of the prototype expands the arsenal of methods and means of research of telepathic communication.

This new way of standard and simple, because it is implemented on the basis of common funds radiation dosimetry techniques are used instead of the prototype Polytron and correlation analyzer, performing processing of the results by the formula (1).

The technical result derived by means of the simplification process is the availability of its implementation in the field, as well as reducing the cost of the analysis.

RU2127546 METHOD OF EXTRASENSORY PHENOMENON EXAMINATION AND DEVICE FOR ITS EMBODIMENT

Inventor: BLATOV I V

FIELD: medicine; electroencephalography.

SUBSTANCE: for examination of extrasensory phenomena, for example, telepathy, when performing experiment in mental transmission of images, it is proposed to take encephalograms of inductor (information transmitting person) and at least of one recipient (information receiving person) synchronously. Inductor's encephalogram is compared with that of each of recipients at information transmission moments and in periods when no transmission is performed. Comparison of encephalograms taken at analogous points of surface of examined persons' heads is carried out by computer processing with use of different mathematic models. Device for embodiment of the method includes two units of buffer storage. **EFFECT:** possibility to study brain work of inductor and recipient in process of information transmission and reception.

METHOD RESEARCH

The invention relates to medicine and, in particular, to the field of brain study electrical processes - electroencephalography.

It is now considered scientifically proven the existence of extrasensory information transfer from one person to another, that is, the fact of transmitting information by known channels (visual, auditory, etc.) Using subliminal signals that are perceived by the subconscious directly, without going through a process of awareness, either kakim- the other has not yet been studied or little studied channels.

Psychic information transfer observed in different areas (diagnosis and treatment of diseases, telepathy, etc.).

The largest number of science-based experiments, confirming the extrasensory information transfer took place in the field of telepathy (AP Dubrov and VN Pushkin.

Parapsychology and modern science. - M .: Sovaminko, 1989, p.133).

A known method of investigation of telepathic transmission of information is that the group of subjects consisting of the inductor - a person transmitting information, and, at least one recipient - the person receiving the information, given the task to psychic transmission and reception of information by transmitting imagery imposed inductor using Zener cards, which show sharply differing shapes (circle, square, cross, etc.).

Typically, the experiment used 5 such cards chosen randomly.

A recipient who does not have the touch with no inducer connection and located usually in another room, receives and stores mental images Zener cards passed to it inductor.

Telepathic communication between the inductor and the recipient is considered to be established if the recipient is in a series of 100 experiments right call not less than 80% of the transmitted image (In the absence of likelihood of correct telepathic communication "guessing" of the image of 5 is only 20%).

A drawback of known methods for studying psychic phenomena is that they lack the operations aimed at the study of brain inductor and the recipient during transmission and reception of information.

The present invention seeks to overcome this disadvantage.

The essence of the invention lies in the fact that the known sequence of operations used in the research is the fact that the group of subjects consisting of the inductor - a person transmitting information, and at least one recipient - the person receiving the information, given an assignment to psychic transmission and reception of certain information, such as by Zener cards and the content information is given at random and the presence of extra-transmission information is judged by the number of correctly received by the recipient of information units, a number of new operations, namely:

- 1. Simultaneously with the presentation of the inducer and a mental maps Zener transmit this data, selected at random, all the participants in the experiment (the inductor and the at least one recipient) was deprotected EEG electroencephalogram inductor and then compared with each of the EEG recipients in the Validity Period information transmission and non-transmission periods.
- 2. Produce computer processing electroencephalograms inductor and recipients taken at a similar point in head reliability of information transmission periods and during periods of non-transmission with the use of various mathematical models, such as calculating a correlation coefficient of electrical brain processes inductor electrical brain processes each of recipients and coherence spectra of electroencephalograms in different frequency bands, and then these indicators calculated for the validity period of information transfer, are compared with those calculated for the periods of non-transmission information, and the results of calculations build generalized topographic maps of brain inductor to each recipient, which applied indices calculated using interpolation and color painting.

All the well-known mathematical models currently used for the analysis of electrical brain processes only one patient.

Unlike the present process is that known processing methods electroencephalogram, which are based on different mathematical models, it is proposed to use for comparison and analysis of brain electrical processes more than one patient, and at least two patients: the inductor and the recipient.

Below, exemplary methods using known computer processing of the EEG of the inductor and one of the recipients given calculation synchronism electrical processes, characterized by a correlation coefficient.

Calculations are made for each point of the electrodes at the inductor and recipient.

For example, electrical processes at Fp1 at the inductor compared with the electrical processes in the same point of the recipient; in the same way electrical processes are compared at all other points.

The correlation coefficient is calculated by the formula where U1i - the current value of the voltage (potential difference) between the point of the study (for example, Fp1) and reference point (eg, earlobes) in the inductor; U2i - the current value of the voltage in a similar point in the recipient;

U1sr - the mean value of the voltage at the point in the study of the inductor calculated for analysis according to the epoch U2sr - average value of the voltage at the point under the recipient;

n - the number of dots per epoch analysis (for example, 4 seconds).

Similarly, one can compare the electrical brain processes inductor electrical processes marrow recipient and using other mathematical models.

3. Based on values ??resulting from the previous operation, build generalized topographic maps of brain inductor with each of the recipients, which is applied to the computed metric, using interpolation and color painting.

To construct a generalized topographical map of the circuit of the head (usually in the form of a circle or oval) applied anatomical landmarks (nose and ears), and the points at which measurements are made (typically in terms of standard electrode placement, such as the system 10 - 20).

After each of the electrodes at the point of the inductor and the recipient will be calculated indicator values ??determined by the selected mathematical model, they are applied to a generalized topographical map by colors, wherein each hue value is assigned to its index.

The ratios in the intermediate points (points located inside the square at the vertices of which the electrodes) is determined by interpolation.

Furthermore generalized maps can be constructed (e.g., by the nonparametric Mann-Whitney test) difference also maps showing the increase (or decrease) the calculated parameters in the reliability of information transmission period as compared with the background (non-transmission information).

These cards allow the difference to determine which parts of the brain of the inductor and recipient are involved in psychic transmission.

With the participation in the experiment several recipients, generalized and difference map can be constructed also by comparing every two recipients. This option cards can be useful in the study of the brain in group hypnosis, group therapy, anger management, etc.

4. Simultaneously with the transfer of imagery and inductor during periods of absence of such a transfer, it impose visual or auditory stimuli (light flashes, clicks, chessboard with changing fields, etc.), And then after each stimulus from the inductor and recipient are measured caused by these stimuli potentials.

Unlike previous operations, aimed at studying the electrical processes in the brain that are integrated over a relatively long period of extrasensory information transfer, this operation will allow to investigate the ultrafast electrical processes.

Computer processing of evoked potentials of the inductor and recipients can be made by analogy with computer processing of conventional EEG, a technique which is described in Sec. 3 (construction of generalized and difference maps recipients.

It should be noted, however, that the implementation of this operation requires a particularly sensitive special equipment to measure evoked potentials.

Thus, compared with known methods studies psychic effects the proposed method allows to study brain function during extra-transmission information, wherein the area of ??its application may not be limited only to research area psychic effects, and extended to a number of adjacent areas, where the prevalent sensory channels information (the study of the brain in learning, hypnosis, group therapy, studied the phenomenon of the "crowd", etc.).

The proposed method of investigation of psychic phenomena, in principle, be implemented using normal commercially available EEG instrument.

However, due to the fact that all the standard EEG electroencephalogram designed for removing only one patient in the study of several patients require several electroencephalographs (the number of participants of the experiment).

Moreover, difficulties arise with the timing of these electroencephalographs, especially in those cases where an experiment is carried out in several locations.

Even greater difficulties arise in this case in the construction of the generalized and difference maps.

Known electroencephalograph Blatova-Risse (application N 93039980/14/039709 on 06/08/93, the decision to grant a patent on 20.11.95), which is a prototype, which is designed for the simultaneous removal of electroencephalograms just a few patients.

Electroencephalograph Blatova-Risse contains at least two measuring-transmitting systems (IEC), which is placed on patients, and a receiving-recording complex (PPH).

Each IPC consists of electrodes, the amplifiers whose inputs are connected to the terminations of the electrodes, the switch having inputs connected to the outputs of the amplifiers, analog-to-digital converter, an encoder and a transmitter, connected in series with the output switch, the receiver decoder, the two comparison circuits code memory codes stimulator and autonomous power supply wherein the input of the decoder coupled to the receiver output, while the output - to the first input of the comparison codes, the second inputs of which are connected to the outputs of the memory device codes, the output of the first comparison circuit connected to the code control input of the switch and receiving- recording facility includes a receiver, a transmitter and a data processing unit having an input coupled to the output of the receiver, and the output - to the input of the transmitter.

The disadvantage electroencephalograph Blatova-Risse is that the measurement of brain electrical potentials of all patients performed not simultaneously but one after the other.

This is due to the fact that simultaneously with the measurement of the potential of this information is transmitted by radio.

Such a shift in time (up to several milliseconds) between the measurement of potentials in the same locations in different patients do not have a significant effect on the accuracy of the study of normal electroencephalogram, but will make some errors when using evoked potentials.

To eliminate this drawback of the known device, comprising at least two measuring-transmitting complex, located on the patient, and the receiving-recording complex, each measuring and transmitting complex consists of electrodes, amplifiers whose inputs are connected to the electrode terminals, switches, inputs connected to the outputs of the amplifiers, analog-to-digital converter having an input connected to the output of the switch, the encoder and transmitter are connected in series, a receiver and a decoder, connected in series, two diagrams comparing the codes memory codes stimulator and an autonomous power source, with the output a decoder coupled to the first input of the comparison codes, the second inputs of which are connected to the outputs of the memory device codesoutput of the first comparison circuit codes coupled to the control input of the switch and receiving and recording a set consists of a receiver, the transmitter and the information processing unit performed on a standard computer, whose input is connected to the output of the receiver, and the output - to the input of the transmitter, administered two block buffer memory having a first input connected to the output of analog-to-digital converter and the outputs - through an OR gate with the input of the encoder, a second input of the buffer memory are connected correspondingly with the second and third inputs of the first comparator circuit codes.

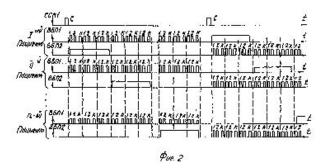


FIG. 1 is a functional diagram of the device of FIG. 2 - a diagram for explaining its operation. Here, I-1, I-2 ...

In - measuring and transmitting complex, located on the patients (n - the total number of patients)

II - receiving and recording facility,

- 11, 12 ... 1k electrodes for removing potential
- 21, 22 ... 2k Amplifiers (k total number of measuring channels)
- 3 the switch,
- 4 analog-to-digital converter,
- 5 the first block of the buffer memory,
- 6 the second block of the buffer memory,
- 7 OR circuit,
- 8 encoder
- 9 transmitter patient
- 10 Receiver patient
- 11 a decoder
- 12 first comparison circuit Codes
- 13 second comparison circuit Codes
- 14 memory codes,
- 15 stimulator
- 16 Autonomous power supply
- 17 Receiver recording complex,
- 18 transmitter recording complex,
- 19 information processing unit (computer).

The device operates as follows.

Potentials, remove the electrodes 11, 12 ... 1k, amplified by amplifiers 21, 22 ... 2k.

The output amplifier is always present current value potential.

The outputs of each amplifier via a switch 3 sequentially in time are connected to the input of analog-to-digital converter (ADC) 4.

In order to ensure synchronous measurement capabilities similar points in all patients receiving and recording facility periodically generates a synchronization command "C" in the form of a code, which is modulated by the carrier frequency emitted by the transmitter 18 and received by the receiver 10 of the patient.

After amplification and conversion by the decoder 11, the received code posting two data inputs of the comparison circuit 12 and code 13, to the second inputs of which are fed from the code memory 14 codes.

When the received code coincides with the code sync applied to the second input of the comparison circuit 12 codes at its first output signal is generated which is fed to the control input of the switch 3.

The command switch 3 (simultaneously in all patients) connects the ADC inputs to the 4 outputs of the amplifier 2 in a strict sequence, starting with the first channel.

At the same time on the same team, synchronizing the second and third outputs of the comparison circuit 12 codes are generated control signals mode of operation of the buffer memory units 5 and 6.

This can be accomplished, for example, a trigger, present at the output of the first comparison circuit 12 codes, the shoulders of which are connected respectively to the second and third outputs and which changes its state on the pitch synchronization.

Mode block buffer memory varies depending on whether or not there is a voltage on their control inputs.

For example, if the voltage at the control input of the buffer memory unit is recording information, and in the absence - in the reading mode.

Therefore, if one block of the buffer memory is recording information, the latter will always operate in the read mode, and the command "synchronization" occurs scheme their operation modes.

From the diagrams in Fig. 2, it is seen that after the arrival of a synchronizing command "C" first memory blocks in all patients switched to the recording information and the latter - to read.

The first memory blocks are recorded, digitized and measured potentials from 1st to k-th channels.

At this time, the second memory block all potential work in the mode of reading information.

Of these time division read information recorded in the previous period (before the command "C") 4.

The read information of memory blocks 7 through an OR gate is input to the encoder 8, which is converted by a serial binary code.

This code is modulated by the carrier frequency of the transmitter 9.

9 emitted by the transmitter signal is received by the receiver 17 of the recording industry.

After amplification and decoding this signal is entered into the computer data processing unit 19, where the computer processing the received information using the above mathematical models.

To start the stimulator 15, the receiving-recording facility generates a command (code) to start the stimulator.

This code is emitted by the transmitter 18 and received by the receiver 10 of all patients, to the input of the comparison circuit 13 codes, the second input of which is fed from the output of the code memory 14 codes.

For each patient, set your own code stimulant.

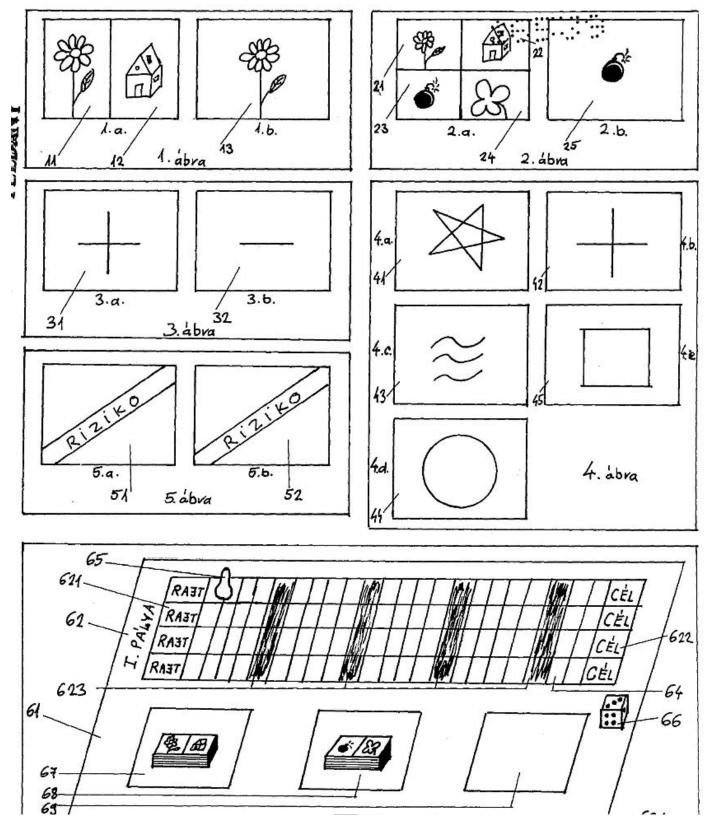
At concurrence of the received code with the code received from the code memory 14, the output of the comparison circuit 13 codes formed a team to run the stimulator 15.

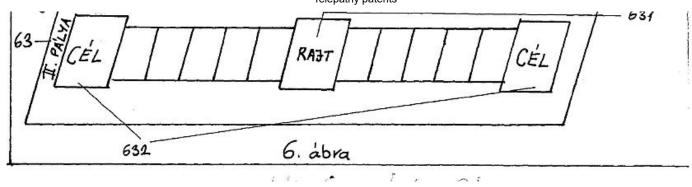
When transmitting a code stimulant stimulant runs in only one patient.

To start stimulants other patients need to pass their codes.

Thus, compared with the prior art, the device with high precision (to a few microseconds) removing electroencephalograms synchronize all patients, which gives a new device, previously unknown property.

HU9901402 TELEPATHY TABLE GAME





GB222163
Improvements in or relating to apparatus for the development of concentration and telepathy

Inventor: THOMAS GILBERT OAKLEY / AMELIA LESTER

Telepathic messages, indicating. - Apparatus for the development of concentration and telepathy comprises a sphere A, which may be solid or hollow and filled with a liquid and "electrodes "E<1>, to be held in the hands of the user, connected to some part of the apparatus, such as terminals D which are connected to pieces of tin-foil D<2> on opposite sides of the sphere. The sphere A may take the form of an inverted flask carried by a socket B mounted on the base C of the apparatus. A piece F of black manganese oxide may be enclosed within the sphere.

This invention is for improvements in or relating to apparatus for the development of concentration and telepathy and has for its object to provide an inexpensive article of the crystal type which shall give all the effects of the more expensive crystals.

According to this invention the apparatus comprises a hollow sphere of transparent material intended to be filled with a liquid, such as water, a stand for the sphere and "electrodes" intended to be held in the hands of the user whose other ends are secured in proximity to the sphere, preferably on opposite sides of the sphere as viewed in plan.

According to one method of carrying cut this invention, the crystal is made in the form of a spherical glass body having- a neck for filling purposes which is plugged by rubber. The stand for the sphere comprises a base having an upstanding socket into which the neck of the sphere is dropped so that the spherical portion rests upon the top of the socket.

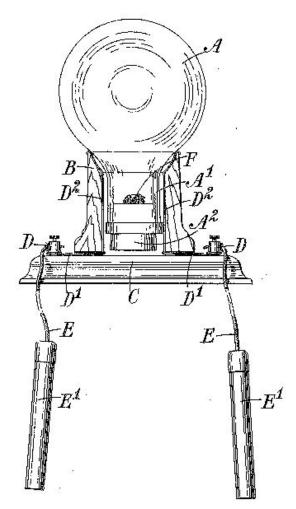
On opposite sides of the stand are two terminals, such as are commonly used for electrical purposes, which are intended to receive wires from a pair of metal electrodes intended to be held in the hands of the user.

Two strips of tin-foil extend up within the socket from the terminals to the base of the sphere where this rests upon the socket. When using the apparatus the glass sphere is filled with water ,and a crystal of black manganese oxide is inserted.

The use of this apparatus, as applied to conveying thought to another person

The user takes the electrodes one in each hand and gazes upon the crystal concentrating his thoughts upon the person with whom he wishes to communicate and visualizes them in his mind's eye. Preferably, the person with whom communication is to be made is similar using, by pre-arrangement, another apparatus of the same kind and the result is that direct communication is established.

Preferably, the apparatus is used against a dark background.



According to this invention apparatus for the development of concentration and telepathy comprises a lens-like sphere and " electrodes " intended to be held in the hands of the user and connected to some part of the apparatus, for example on opposite sides of the said sphere. Preferably, the lens-like sphere takes the form of a hollow transparent body (for example a flask having a spherical body portion) intended to be filled with a liquid, such as water. In the accompanying* drawing which shows an apparatus according to one method of carrying out this invention, the hollow sphere takes the form of a spherical bodied flask A having a filling of rubber, A. The flask is inverted and rests in a. cylindrical support B, which is shown in central vertical section in the drawing, so that only the bulbous portion of the flask extends above the support. The support is carried on a base C provided with two terminals D, such as are commonly used for connecting wires in electrical apparatus. These terminals are connected by wires D to strips of tin-foil D - one for each wire, which extend up within the support B on opposite sides of it and are in contact with the underside of the bulbous portion of the flask A. By wires E the terminals have connected to them handles E (which wires and handles may, for convenience, be termed " electrodes ") similar to those used for medical shocking-coils. When using the apparatus the flask A is filled with water and a crystal F of black manganese oxide is inserted in it. The use of the apparatus, as applied to conveying thought to another person, is as follows:- The user takes the handles E, one in each hand, and gazes upon the crystal, constituted by the bulbous portion A of [he flask.In so doing he concentrates his thoughts upon the person with whom ie wishes to communicate and visualizes them in his .mind's eye. Preferably, the person with whom communication is to be made is similarly using, by prearrangement, another apparatus of the same kind, and the result is that telepathic communication is established.

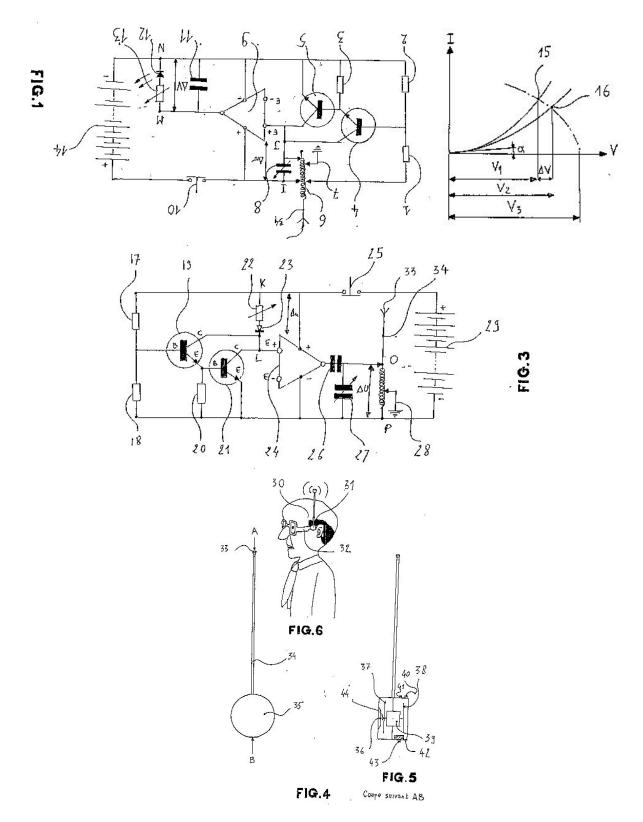
Preferably, the apparatus is used against a dark background.

The "electrodes" serve as something to grip which help to concentrate thought.

Obviously, instead of a hollow body A, a solid glass body providing a lens-like spherical portion could be used. The filling liquid and the manganese oxide would then be dispensed with, but it is believed that black manganese oxide has an effect upon the liquid which enables the visualising of objects.

Inventor: HENRI PUYUELO JACQUES EMILE

The present invention relates to a transmitter/receiver of gravitational waves capable of allowing man to produce telepathy (thought transmission) or telecommunication at very long range. This device is worn by means of spectacles (32) or of a small helmet in the region of the temporal bone (30) in the vicinity of the inner ear. (Fig. 6). It measures 2 to 3 cm in diameter (35) and has an antenna (34) of about ten centimetres in height. It consists of a box (35) containing a built-in receiver circuit (37) and a built-in transmitter circuit (38) as well as a transmitting gravito-diode (33) and a receiving gravito-diode (44). This device is intended for thought transmission for human beings, for telecommunication at very long range in space vehicles, for psychoanalysis in the medical field (hypnosis, study of the brain, etc.).



1 Description

The present invention provides a transceiver of gravitational waves may allow man have to do to telepathy (mind reading) or the telecommunication great distance.

This device is worn i through glasses (32) or small helmet at the temporal bone (30) adjacent to the inner ear.

(Fig.6) I1 measure 2 to 3 cm in diameter (35) and has an antenna (34) dune ten centimeters high.

This antenna is actually an elongated gravito-diode (33) which detects and transmits the gravitational waves. (Figure 4)

See more details for the patent on the diode-gravity.

This device seen in section, (Fig.5) comprises: - a receiver (36) - an integrated receiver circuit (37) - a transmitter integrated circuit (38) - an orifice (39) to permit connection of the device at of the temporal bone.

- An LED (40) that signals the operating device I a selector (41) emission -rdception a 9 Volt battery (42) a switch (43) stop walking.
- An antenna (34) is an elongated-gravity diode.

The receiver circuit is shown diagrammatically Fig. 1.

A receiving antenna for gravitational waves (34) low voltage signal v selected through dune coil (#) and a variable capacity (8) in the circuit portion IJ

A Darlington circuit using two transistors Ti (4) and T2 (5) and 3 resistant (1), (2), (3) amplifies the current detected by the low-gravity-diode antenna.

The signal V is amplified by a low frequency operational amplifier and V is N.

See the characteristic of the diode-gravity Fig.2

The issuer is tircuit fig.3 schematically.

Through the earpiece (36), a -diode gravito receives a weak signal u varianle through a resistor (22). With a Darlington circuit anda high frequency operational amplifier.

This voltage is amplified O and P is U.

The varible capacity (27) allows you to tune the antenna (34) and the IJ signal is transmitted on a gravitational frequency.

The device runs on a 9V battery.

Seriously bizarre:

JP2014155432 SUPERNATURAL POWER

Inventor: MATSUO FUKIKO

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To develop and freely realize the first supernatural power conversation telepathy in the world and to develop and realize other supernatural power, while humans have conversed only with humans that they meet and the supernatural power has been unrealistic for 4.6 billion light-years.

SOLUTION: In October 2003, world's first supernatural conversation was developed. Supernatural power first sends the mind and the mind to heads. Telepathy as means with which humans converse with invisible parties was found and spread throughout the world. A house in Akashi city. Swallowtail butterfly Onnamon (emblem for females) is imperial and is worshipped as a god, and the supernatural power has become widespread through Japan and main countries in the work by TV and Niigata Earthquake in the hometown of the inventor. A sultry night was developed after four years. Love becomes popular, capacity of the supernatural power rapidly increases, show business is especially gay and there is joy all over the world. Children learn a universal language without the need of translation by 9 years old and have conversation when they are 10 years old. The conversation reaches space but aliens and animals do not reply. There are psychokinesis, psychic photography, out-of-body experience, telekinesis capable of healing even tumors. Conversation is held with ghosts from 20 years ago. Metempsychosis is possible. World diplomatic relation restoration (for North Korea or the like) or the like is pursued, show business is saved from epidemic, prescriptions are spread through the world helping 500 to 1,000 people, shrines and temples are constructed at Yasaka-jinja shrine, and patent application is instructed by the Prime Minister Abe. There is a desire to dedicate to a birthplace for the first time in the world. The emperor speaks that the swallowtail butterfly

is the emblem of the first imperial married couple, the butterfly of the time is famous and can freely talk with world's major corporations and specialists.

The Cure for Chi-Communism:

CN101513296 Natural telepathy crystal earbob

Inventor: SHANGLUN CHEN

The invention relates to a natural telepathy crystal earbob, and belongs to the technical field of jewelry making. A primary product is made into an earbob decoration with intrinsic value by utilizing the unique characteristics of the primary product through elaborative selection, repeated comparison and processes of abrading, polishing, perforating and the like for the primary product with hexagon according to a basic shape of the primary product. The natural telepathy crystal earbob is believed to be favored by successful women having the consumption conditions and pursuing fashion glamour, and increases sparkle to the diversification of the society.

Jing crystal jewelry stones to build the technical field

[0002]

Lucky this stone after stone came from the country of origin, it was placed, and other ordinary spar together, without any special, I stumbled on this little rock scene and there was swimming in the living body can After, I feel it is a rare and precious, therefore it made the style, shape have a unique and novel features of earrings and I believe it also will let more people love and luck.

[0003]

The production process from the country of origin business purchases in selection, came home one by one carefully further repeated viewing, found life objects can swim in the side to select it, cook the label, and then by machine cutting, grinding, fight After the holes and other procedures, coupled with the processing of gold and silver connecting ring, connecting buckle, from the overall look at each link found no flaws even completed.



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